Mathematical Content: Numbers and Operations

Essential Questions:

What are numbers?

How can I count forward from any number other than 1?

How can I write numbers up to 20 and show numbers of objects from 0-20?

What is the connection between numbers and quantity?

How can I count objects saying the number names in order?

When I count objects, how can I identify the total number counted?

How can I use matching and counting strategies to: identify which number is larger, identify which number is smaller, tell if two groups have the same amount of objects

Anchor: (A) Counting and Cardinality

Concepts	Competencies	Resources	Assessments
Concepts I can count to 100 by ones and by tens I can count starting at any given number I can write numbers from 0 to 20 and match numbers to the amount of things I count.	•	Teachers Edition Manual Student Work Book Assessment book Extra Practice Manual Enrichment Manual School to Home Connection Manipulatives Kit Everyday Counts Calendar Kit	District Adopted Published: Chapter 1 Assessment Chapter 2 Assessment Chapter 3 Assessment Chapter 4 Assessment Chapter 5 Assessment Chapter 6 Assessment Chapter 7 Assessment Chapter 8 Assessment
 I can count objects one by one and tell how many (up to 20) I understand that the last number I say is the number of objects there are 	CC.2.1.K.A.2 Apply one-to-one correspondence to count the number of objects	SAS website ST Math Exact Path Diagnostics	Chapter 9 Assessment Chapter 10 Assessment Exact Path Benchmark Acadience ESGI

 I understand that when I count, the number gets bigger by 1 I can count to find out "how many" up to a group of 20 objects Given a numeral 0-20, I can count out that number of objects 	
 I can tell whether a number of objects is greater than, less than, or equal to another group of objects I can compare two written numbers 1-10 Vocabulary: count, forward, zero, greater than, less than,	numbers

Essential Questions:

How can I use drawings and objects to compose and separate numbers from 11-19? How can I figure out that the numbers between11-19 are composed of ten ones and ones from 11-19? What is place value?

Anchor: (B) Numbers and Operations in Base Ten

erequisite Learning:			
Concepts	Competencies	Resources	Assessments
I can show how many tens and how many ones a number between 11 and 19 has	CC.2.1.K.B.1 Use place value to compose and decompose numbers within 19	Teachers Edition Manual Student Work Book Assessment book Extra Practice Manual Enrichment Manual School to Home Connection Manipulatives Kit Everyday Counts Calendar Kit HMH ED SAS website ST Math Exact Path Diagnostics	District Adopted Published: Chapter 6 Assessment Chapter 9 Assessment Exact Path Benchmark ESGI Acadience

Essential Questions:	
Anchor: (C) Numbers and Operations- Fractions	

Prerequisite Learning:			
Concepts	Competencies	Resources	Assessments
	Intentionally left blank		
Vocabulary			

Mathematical Content: Algebraic Concepts

Essential Questions:

How can I show addition and subtraction with objects, fingers, mental images, drawings and sounds?

How can I solve addition and subtraction word problems by adding and subtracting within 10?

How can I use drawings and objects to solve an addition or subtraction problem within 10?

When using numbers from 0-9, how can I use addition to come up with a total of 10 by using objects and drawings?

How can I record answers to addition problems by using drawings and equations?

How can I separate numbers less than or equal to 10 into pairs in more than one way?

How can I easily add and subtract within 5?

Anchor: (A) Operations and Algebraic Thinking

Prerequisite Learning:			
Concepts	Competencies	Resources	Assessments
 I can add and subtract with objects I can solve addition and subtraction word problems, and add and subtract within 10 I can decompose numbers less than or equal to 10 into pairs in more than one way I can add to any number from one to nine to make ten I can fluently add and subtract within 5 	CC.2.2.K.A.1 Extend the concepts of putting together and taking apart to add and subtract within 10.	Teachers Edition Manual Student Work Book Assessment book Extra Practice Manual Enrichment Manual School to Home Connection Manipulatives Kit Everyday Counts Calendar Kit SAS website HMH ED ST Math Exact Path Diagnostics	District Adopted Published: Chapter 4 Assessment Chapter 7 Chapter 8 Exact Path Benchmark ESGI Acadience

Vocabulary: addition, subtraction, r	nore, less, total, number sentence	

Mathematical Content: Geometry

Essential Questions:

What is a: square, circle, triangle, rectangle, hexagon, cube, cone, cylinder and sphere?

What is orientation of a shape?

What is a two dimensional object?

What is a three dimensional object?

What is a plane?

What is a solid?

How can I compare and contrast 2 and 3 dimensional shapes?

What are vertices?

How can I make model shapes?

What can happen when I join shapes?

Anchor: (A) Geometry

Prerequisite Learning:			
Concepts	Competencies	Resources	Assessments
 I can tell the position of an object using words like above, below, in front of, behind, and next to I can name shapes no matter what way they are turned I can tell which shapes are 2-D and flat, or 3-D 	CC.2.3.K.A.1 Identify and describe two-and three-dimensional shapes	Teachers Edition Manual Student Work Book Assessment book Extra Practice Manual Enrichment Manual School to Home Connection Manipulatives Kit Everyday Counts Calendar Kit SAS website ST Math	District Adopted Published: Chapter 5 Assessment Exact Path Benchmark Acadience ESGI
and solid		ST Math Exact Path Diagnostics	

I can compare the	C.C.2.3.K.A.2 Analyze, compare,		
attributes of shapes	create, and compose two and		
 I can make 3-D shapes 	three dimensional shapes		
out of other shapes			
 I can put two shapes 			
together to make a new			
shape			
Vocabulary: above, below, in front of, behind, next to, square, circle, rectangle, triangle, cube, cylinder, cone, sphere, flat shape, solid shape.			

Vocabulary: above, below, in front of, behind, next to, square, circle, rectangle, triangle, cube, cylinder, cone, sphere, flat shape, solid shape, corners, sides

Mathematical Content: Measurement, Data, and Probability

Essential Questions:

What are some ways I can measure objects?

How can I compare measurements of objects to see which is more or less than the other?

How can I classify objects into categories?

How can I count single objects and then count the categories they are in

Anchor: (A) Measurement and Data

Prerequisite Learning:			
Concepts	Competencies	Resources	Assessments
 I can describe attributes of objects such as length and weight I can describe several attributes of a single object 	CC.2.4.K.A.1 Describe and compare attributes of length, area, weight, and capacity of everyday objects.	Teachers Edition Manual Student Work Book Assessment book Extra Practice Manual Enrichment Manual School to Home Connection Manipulatives Kit Everyday Counts Calendar Kit SAS website	District Adopted/Published: Chapter 3 Assessment Chapter 10 Assessment Exact Path Benchmark ESGI Acadience

		ST Math	
		Exact Path Diagnostics	
I can sort objects into categories	CC.2.4.K.A.4 Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category		
Vocabulary: length, weight, more, less, taller, shorter, longer, larger, smaller, sort, area			